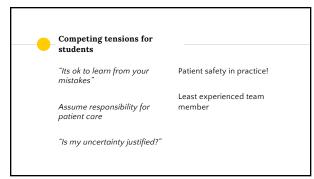
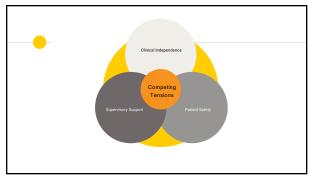
Preceptor Connect #3: Putting it all together!	
Quick Review	
What have we learned so far? Session 1: Session 2: Debriefing after deferral Low-stakes meta-cognition Forward planning Open reflection with no feedback Refrarning negativity around uncertainty	

slido	
Which of the techniques have you tried?	
Φ Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.	
4	
So we have focused on the preceptor perspective	
5	
How do the students feel?	





How do students handle this?

Borrowing Comfort

- Rely on supervisors to determine when and how much to step in

 They may not recognize it themselves...

 Rely on supervisors to critically reframe their discomfort

 Deficiency in knowledge and skill?

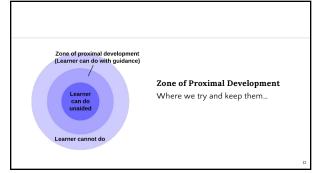
 Appropropriate reaction?

10

Strategically Invoking Support

- Want to build trust...while at the same time be corrected when need be
- Want their feelings to be validated when they are uncertain
- "Safety Net"

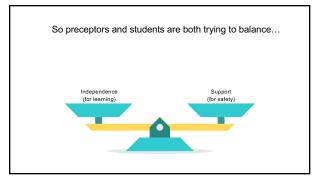
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In summary...

Preceptors as a safety net
Focus is on preceptor support
....not just teaching and feedback
They don't always know what they should be able to do
If working in the zone of proximal development, they will feel discomfort
Balance of supporting autonomy while providing support

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Selected Topic from Last Session
Imposter Syndrome!

Imposter Syndrome

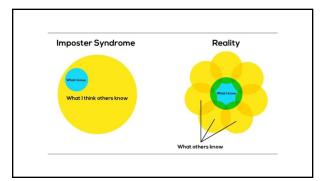
Mismatch between Role and Identity

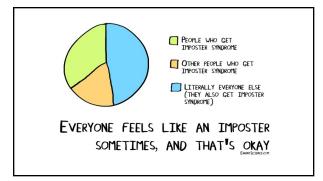
(I understand what I'm supposed to <u>do</u> and how to <u>act</u> but I don't <u>FEEL</u> like one!)

16

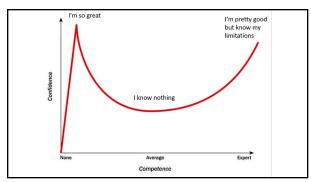


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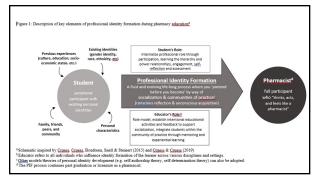
Why does it happen?

Imposter syndrome can have features of *maladaptive perfectionism*, meaning an individual may set a standard for themselves that is impossible to achieve, leading to feeling like an imposter when goals are not achieved.

More common in high-achieving women.

Gresham-Dolby, CPTL 2022

So how do we address this in ourselves? In the students?	
Introduce the Concept:	
- Help name the feelings	
Share your Struggles: - Vulnerability	
- Setting an example	
22	
22	
As with uncertainty	
Having feelings of inadequacy are a normal part of professional development	
What factors may worsen Imposter Syndrome?	
- Poorly formed professional identity	
23	
23	•
	1
Why Professional Identity Is Important	
The benefits of a strong professional identity are significant. Identity influences how a professional perceives, explains, presents and conducts themselves.	
pērceives, explains, presents and conducts themselves.	
•Identity is also a key determination of the scopes and nature of an individual's work and prioritization of their roles.	
their roles.	
Cantillon P, Dornan T, De Grave W. Becoming a clinical teacher: identity formation in	
context. Acad Med. 2019;94(10):1610-1618. doi:1 <u>0.1097/acm.000000000002403</u>	
24	



25

What does that mean to you?

Strong professional identity
Less imposter syndrome
More likely willing to practice to full scope
More likely to MAKE A DECISION!
Less likely to hesitate in ambiguous situations

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Where to from here? Pick your adventure

Room 1 Scenario

You have a student who phoned a doctor with a recommendation without talking to you first. They made a recommendation that you think was inappropriate.

How do you approach this?

Considerations:

Inappropriately overconfident?
Too comfortable?

Room 2 Scenario:

You have a student who will not take on too much responsibility, such as increasing patient load. You find they "hide" from patients and avoid making recommendations to doctors, or other team members.

How do you approach this?

Considerations:

Inappropriately underconfident?
 Never "comfortable"

What is your role?

Help stu profession makers, patient

Key eler be vulne

udents become strongly formed ionals who <i>FEEL</i> like they are decision- prescribers, and have responsibility for	
care	
ments: role-model, be ok with ambiguity,	
erable, provide feedback	